

# Windows 2000 Proof of Concept A Case Study



**i n v e n t**

# Agenda

- Proof of Concept  
What and Why
- Customer Goals
- HP Solutions
- Results

# Proof of Concept What and Why

## The What

- In-house or @ HP prototype infrastructure tests
- A unique occasion to gain the required insight into the *how-to's* of specifying application infrastructures based upon Microsoft state-of-the art technologies
- An opportunity to leverage from HP's vast breadth of products, services, experience, and alliance with Microsoft

# Proof of Concept What and Why

## The Why

- Test application and underlying infrastructure (HW, SW, Middleware) in a controlled environment
- Determine and Analyze risk areas (e.g. scalability, reliability, performance bottlenecks, deployment complications, management solutions)
- Measure cost of these risks
- Develop integrated masters for deployment
- Excellent means to build teams (client, Microsoft, HP a partner staff)
- Obtain plug & play integrated solution during POC

# Proof of Concept What and Why

## The Why

- Scalability :
  - *identify and characterize components which govern scalability (HW,SW, Middleware and application design)*
  - *Fully specify hardware requirements before volume purchasing and deployment*
- Performance :
  - *obtain performance metrics and optimize through design changes on the fly*
  - *Define “baseline” performance characteristics for deployment acceptance testing*
- Reliability :
  - *provoke failures in multiple components at will and measure architecture resilience and recovery*
- Management:
  - *Define key measurement hooks and explore their development and deployment simultaneous to application and infrastructure specification*
- Integration
  - *Identify, develop, test and stage integration methodologies, components, parameters, & tools and proportionally test them*

# Customer Goals

- Customer Industry
  - Mutual Life Insurance
- Challenge:
  - Provide a scalable IT infrastructure to improve health staff productivity

# Customer Goals

## Business Goals

- Increase customer service quality
  - High Availability
  - More functionality
  - Provide room for growth
- Cost-effective PC Infrastructure
  - Industry standard
  - Commodity clusters
- Make Development Productive
  - RAD tools
  - Business rules in Expert system

# Customer Goals

## Technical Goals

### LCM Requirements

**150 on-line tasks per second on the central application server in the head office during office hours (approx 8am – 6pm)**

**8 million batch tasks without Expert System in a 6 hour window, also during office hours**

***4 million batch tasks with Expert System in a 6 hour window, also during office hours***

***Response time of 2 seconds or less for on-line users in 95% of the transactions***

### LCM Conclusions

Proven

Proven

Incomplete proof, further integration required. Pb's exposed thanks to POC2000 platform and V Large DB capacity of POC

Lack of end-to-end instrumentation implementation despite MSO recommendations and suggestions

# HP Solutions

## What HP Delivered

- Architecture design collaboration with client and Microsoft
- Specification of “white-box” test methodologies
- Extensive POC staging
- Functional Tests & Lab management in Belgium
- Test Methodology and specific tools development eg virtual user for transaction generation & injection
- Staging of preliminary tests @ [msc@hp](mailto:msc@hp) Lyon through skilled cloning of DB and infrastructure to enable rapid test ramp-up @ Grenoble
- Access to beta/RC code and associated drivers etc from HP divisions on HP hardware (Netserver and storage)
- Leverage from previous POC experiences on Windows-DNA and BackOffice architectures (SQL, DTC, Clustering, COM+)
- FocusPM project management

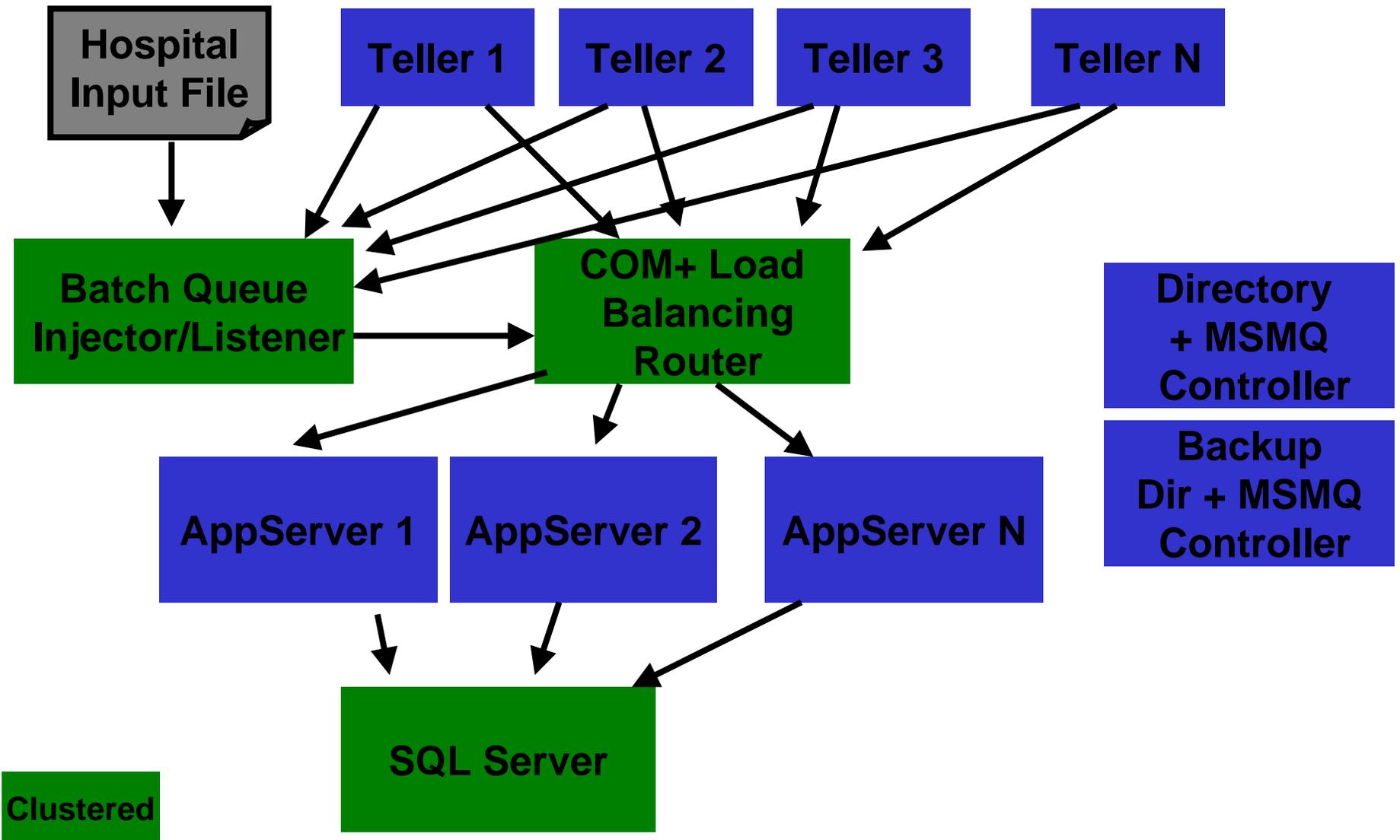
# HP Solutions

## What Microsoft Delivered

- Early (March/April 1999) information and access to proprietary data concerning Windows 2000 and COM+
- Windows-DNA infrastructure and application architecture design management
- Access to Redmond product teams for advise and product insight
- DB & schema design
- Windows-DNA & Windows 2000 specific training
- Functional test and performance tests and debug repairs

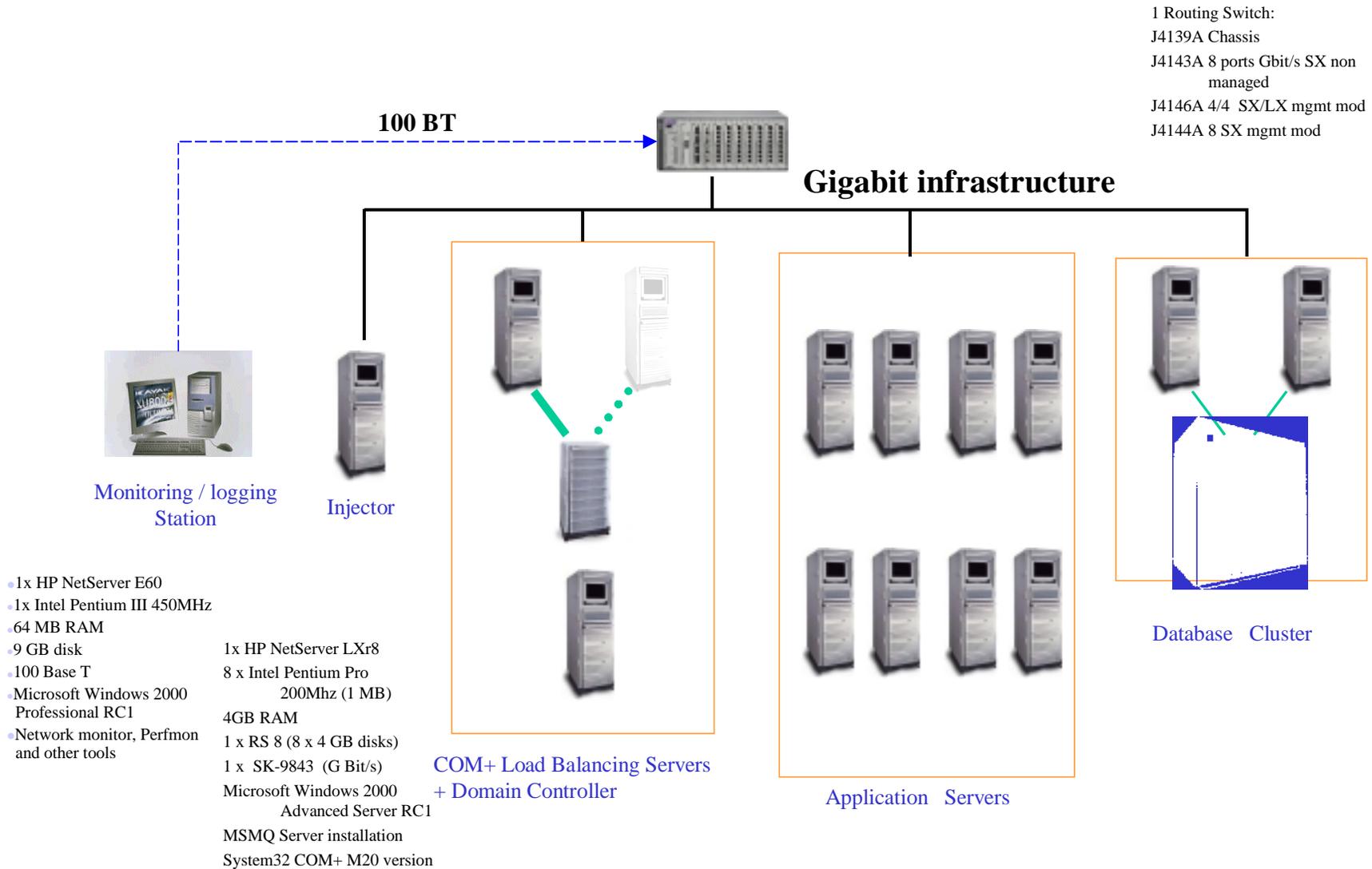
# HP Solutions

## Reducing Single Points of Failure



# HP Solutions

## The Grenoble Performance test platform



# HP Solutions

## The Grenoble Performance testplatform -details Load Balancing Cluster and/or Domain Controller

- 2 x HP NetServer LH3 ( Load balancing cluster )
  - 2x Intel Pentium III 550MHz (512 KB cache)
  - 256 MB RAM
  - 2 x 9 GB discs
  - 1 x SK-9844 dual link ( G Bit/s )
- 1x HP NetServer Rack Storage/12 FC
  - 3 x 9 GB discs
- 1 x HP NetServer LH3 ( Domain controller )
  - 2x Intel Pentium II 400MHz (512 KB cache)
  - 128 MB RAM
  - 2 x 9 GB discs
  - 1 x SK-9843 ( G Bit/s )
- Microsoft Windows 2000 RC1 Advanced Server
- System32 deprotection + COM+ M20 version
- MSMQ Server installation
- MSMQ Primary Enterprise Controller installation

# HP Solutions

## The Grenoble Performance test platform - details

### Application Servers & Listeners (I)

- 4x HP NetServer LH4
  - 4 x Intel Pentium III Xeon 550MHz (2MB cache)
  - 4 x Intel Pentium III Xeon 500MHz (2MB cache)
  - 4 x Intel Pentium III Xeon 500MHz (1MB cache)
  - 4 x Intel Pentium III Xeon 400MHz (1MB cache)
  - 1GB RAM each server
  - 2 x 9GB discs each server
  - 1 x SK-9843 ( G Bit/s ) each server
- Microsoft Windows 2000 Advanced Server RC1
- MSMQ Server installation (LXr 8500)
- System32 protection + COM+ M20 version

# HP Solutions

The Grenoble Performance test platform -  
details

## Application Servers & Listeners (II)

- 4x HP NetServer LPr
  - 2x Intel Pentium II 450MHz (512 KB cache)
  - 1 x 768 MB + 3 x 832 MB RAM
  - 2 x 9GB discs each server
  - 1 x SK-9843 ( G Bit/s ) each server
- Microsoft Windows 2000 Advanced Server RC1
- MSMQ Server installation
- System32 deprotection + COM+ M20 version

# HP Solutions

The Grenoble Performance testplatform -  
details

## Database Cluster

- 2x HP NetServer LXr8000
  - 4x Intel Pentium III Xeon 550MHz (2MB cache)
  - 3 GB RAM
  - 1 x SK-9844 dual link (G Bit/s)
  - 1 D8602A Tachlite FC card
  - 2 x 18 GB discs
- FC HUB:
- Mass Storage: HP XP256
- Microsoft Windows 2000 Advanced Server RC1

# HP Solutions

## The Greenoble Performance test platform - details

### XP 256 Configuration

| HP PRODUCT NO. | DESCRIPTION                                      | QTY |
|----------------|--|-----|
| A5700A         | XP 256 Disk Array                                | 1   |
| A5701A         | XP 256 Disk Control Frame                        | 1   |
| A5709A         | 50Hz disk array frame w/2 disk canister          | 1   |
| A5723R1        | 36.9 GB Array group - 4 drives per group         | 7   |
| A5733S         | 36.9 GB Spare Drive                              | 2   |
| A5721R1        | 15 GB Array group - 4 drives per group           | 2   |
| A5731S         | 15 GB Spare Drive                                | 1   |
| A5705A         | 4 port Fiber Channel Pair                        | 2   |
| A5702A         | 8 port SCSI adapter Pair                         | 1   |
| A5740A         | Additional CHIP Power Supply (Addl Pwr Sply)     | 1   |
| A5710A         | 1GB cache memory (1GB cache memory)              | 15  |
| A5711A         | Additional Cache Platform Board (Addl Cache PL B | 1   |
| A5712A         | 128 MB Shared Memory Module (128MB Shared M      | 2   |
| B7905A         | Continuous Access XP (Continu Access XP)         | 1   |
| B7908A         | Cache Mgr XP                                     | 1   |
| B7909A         | Perf. Mgr XP                                     | 1   |
| B7911A         | Remote Control XP (Remote Cont XP)               | 1   |
| B7912A         | Lun Configuration Mgr. XP                        | 1   |
| B7915A         | RAID Mgr. XP                                     | 1   |

# Results

8 december 1999 - Batch without XPS DTC central  
Records at starting point = 905.563.422

