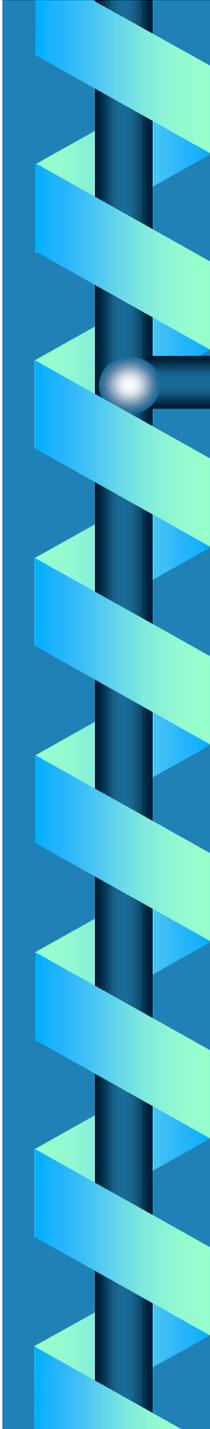




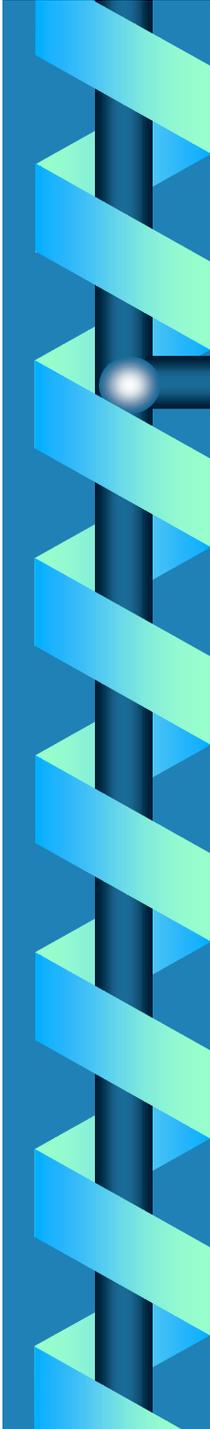
HP's AutoRAID and the XP256 on the HP3000

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Cerius Technology Group
HP World 2000
Presentation #017



Agenda

- * What is a LUN?
- * What is the AutoRAID?
- * What is the XP256?
- * Why would I want to use one?
- * How would I use one?
- * What about LDEV1?
- * What about beyond LDEV1?
- * CA & BC with XP256



What is a LUN?

- * Logical Unit Number
- * LUN looks like single disk to host
- * LUN is actually across multiple disks

Disks and their relationship to MPE

HASS, internal, etc.. - 1 PDEV per disk

AutoRAID - 1 PDEV per LUN - LUN is across ALL disks

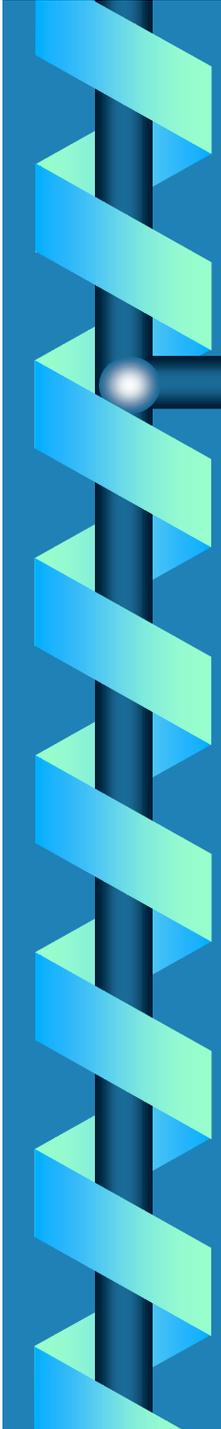
XP256 - 1 PDEV per LDEV (LUN) - LDEV is across disks in array group

RAID 5, OPEN-9, 15GB Disks (1 Array Group)				
RAID5 DATA OPEN-9 2.43 GB	RAID5 DATA OPEN-9 2.43 GB	RAID5 DATA OPEN-9 2.43 GB	RAID5 PARITY OPEN-9 2.43 GB	= 7.2 GB
RAID5 DATA OPEN-9 2.43 GB	RAID5 DATA OPEN-9 2.43 GB	RAID5 PARITY OPEN-9 2.43 GB	RAID5 DATA OPEN-9 2.43 GB	= 7.2 GB
RAID5 DATA OPEN-9 2.43 GB	RAID5 PARITY OPEN-9 2.43 GB	RAID5 DATA OPEN-9 2.43 GB	RAID5 DATA OPEN-9 2.43 GB	= 7.2 GB
RAID5 PARITY OPEN-9 2.43 GB	RAID5 DATA OPEN-9 2.43 GB	RAID5 DATA OPEN-9 2.43 GB	RAID5 DATA OPEN-9 2.43 GB	= 7.2 GB
				4 LDEVS
3 Data @ 2.43 = 7.2		7.2 GB per LDEV X 4 LDEVS in one array = 28.8 GB		

What is the AutoRAID?

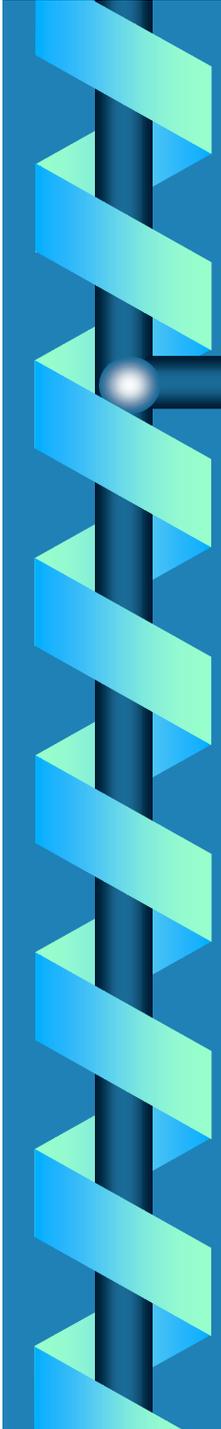
- * Name: HP SureStore E Disk Array 12H
- * Automagically manages data between RAID 1 and RAID 5
 - HSM: Hierarchical Storage Management - automatic
 - New and active data: RAID 1
 - Old and inactive data: RAID 5*
 - Striping & file placement - automatic
- * Component Redundancy

* Only after array starts to fill



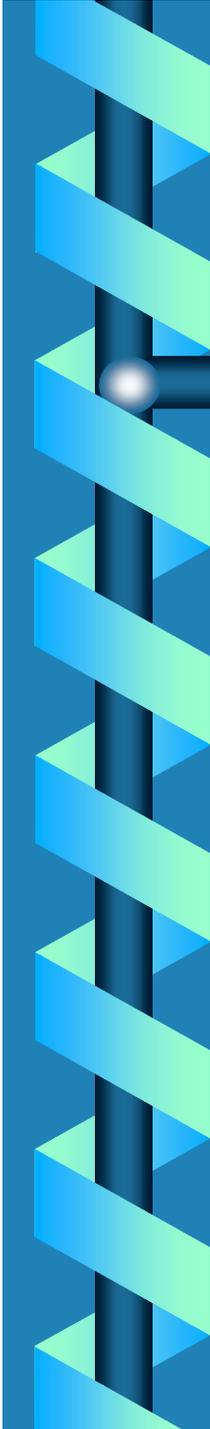
AutoRAID

- * Data spread across up to 12 drives
- * Config up to 8 LDEVs
- * RAID 1 and RAID 5 - not dedicated



What is the XP256?

- * Cache-centric system
- * Redundant, Super HA
- * Large & expandable
- * Expensive
- * Fast & cool

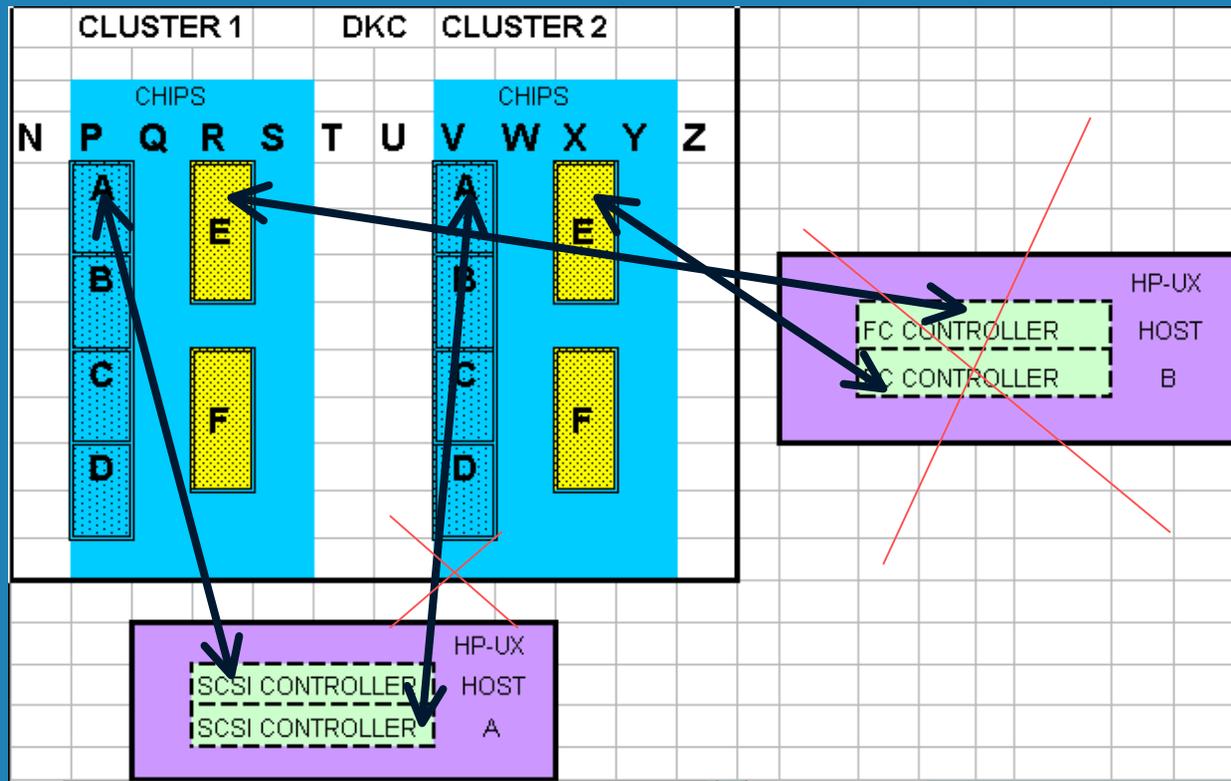


XP256

- * Dedicated SCSI bus
- * Can't daisy chain XP256s
- * Max 15 LDEVs per SCSI bus
- * Max 8 LDEVs for best performance

CHIP Client Host Interface Processor

MPE/iX doesn't support redundant controllers



~~CL1A to c3 on HostA~~

~~CL2V to c5 on HostA~~

~~CL1E to c7 on HostB~~

~~CL2E to c9 on HostB~~

Host A: 2 paths to XP256 - c3 to Cluster1, slot P, port A and c5 to Cluster2, slot V, port A

Assign LDEV to CHIP

scsi

Hi! I'm LDEV
0:01

RAID5 DATA OPEN-9 2.43 GB	RAID5 DATA OPEN-9 2.43 GB	RAID5 PARITY OPEN-9 2.43 GB	RAID5 DATA OPEN-9 2.43 GB	= 7.2 GB LDEV
CONFIGURE HOST ACCESS TO THE LDEV:		Pick CHIP that you want to access the LDEV from.		

Access LDEV #0:01

From CL1-A

Using SCSI ID 1

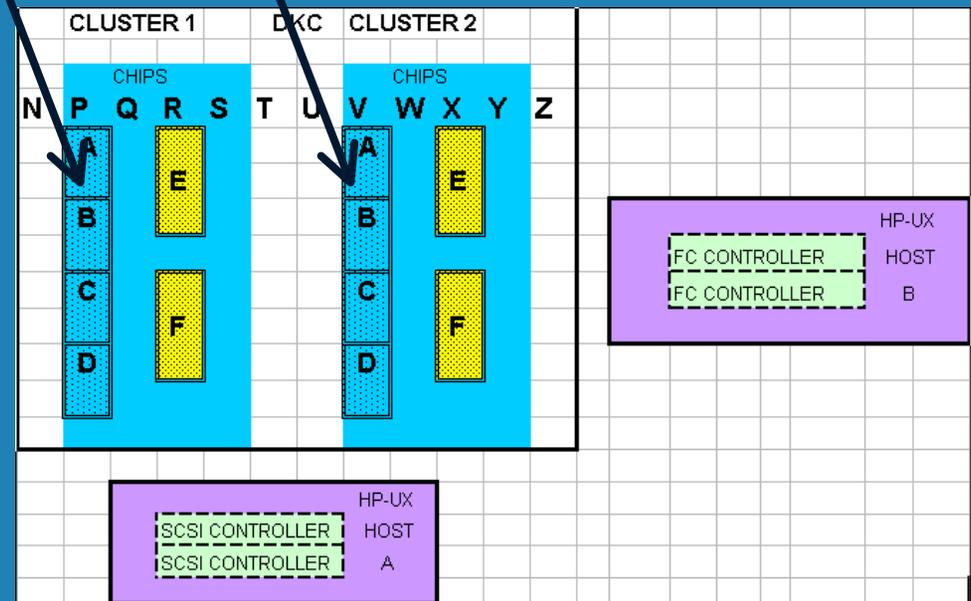
and LUN 00

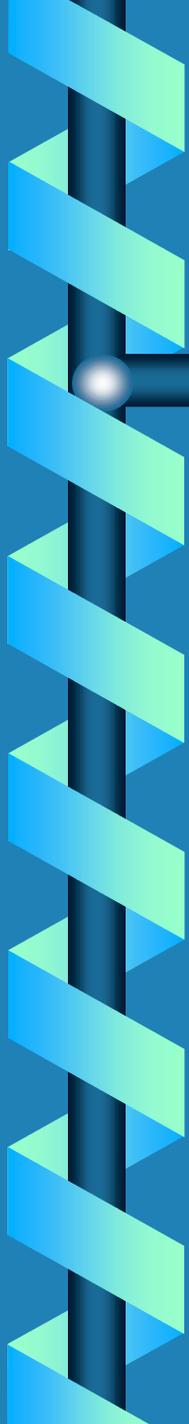
And access this same
LDEV

From CL2-A

Using SCSI ID 9

and LUN 00





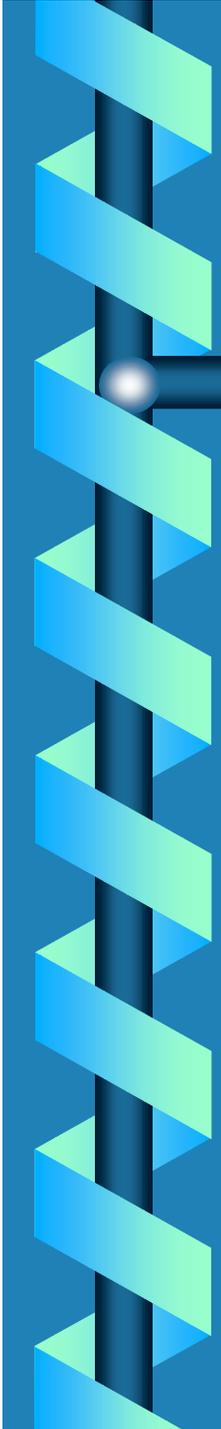
Why? - High Availability

* Mirroring Options

- Software Mirroring is not supported on LDEV1 or any USER VOLUME
- Hardware Mirroring is only supported method for LDEV1

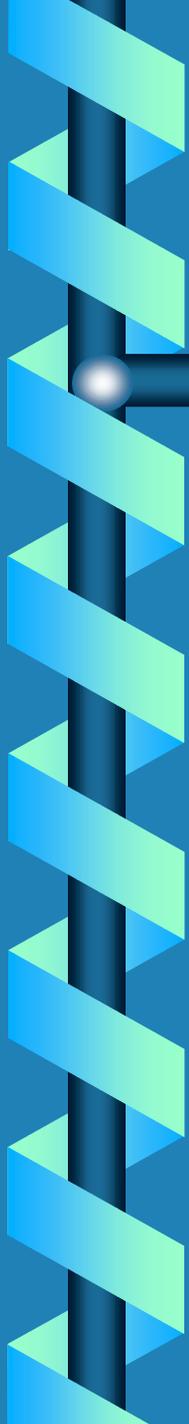
* Uptime

- Add disks on-line



Why? Protect Investment

- * AutoRAID could be used for HP-UX or NT
- * XP256 can be used for UNIX, NT, Novell, Linux, MVS/VM and MPE or all at the same time!
- * Welcome to the SAN (Storage Area Network)



Why? Capacity Planning

- * No downtime for increasing capacity
- * Notification when capacity should be increased

Why? Performance Management

- * AutoRAID - Completely self tuning (HSM)
 - No or small IT department
- * XP256 - Tools to assist
- * AutoRAID - don't use if more than 276 I/Os per second - then the single controller becomes an issue
- * Arraymgr - High Performance Mode
 - `array -J HighPerformance [array-id]`

System Requirements (6/16/00)

* AutoRAID

- MPE/iX 6.5 or MPE/iX 6.0 with Express 2
- MPE/iX 5.5 PP 7 + MPEKXU3, ARMKXW5, SYLLX17

* XP256

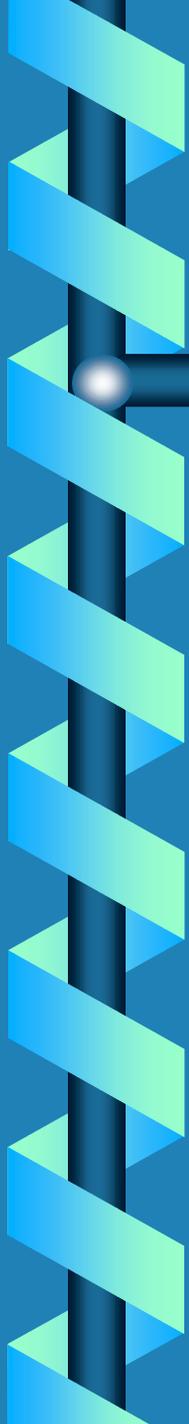
- MPE/iX 6.5 or MPE/iX 6.0 with Express 2
- MPE/iX 5.5 PP7 + MPEKXT8

AutoRAID & LDEV 1

- * Add additional card(s) if needed
- * Configure lun0 on AutoRAID as 4 GB
- * Connect to controller X
- * ISL> ODE mapper run
 - Get path for SCSI card and LUN0
- * sysgen
 - Add card (if added)
 - Modify ldev1 to new PATH and new ID (hpdarray)
 - ho | keep | tape

LDEV1 - continued

- * Boot from prim? N
- * Boot from alt? Y
- * Interact with IPL? Y
- * ISL> PRIMPATH 40.1.0 (whatever for LUN0)
- * ISL> INSTALL
- * Boot from prim? Y
- * Interact with IPL? Y
- * ISL> START NORECOVERY NOSYSSTART



XP256 & LDEV1

- * LUN0 must be created on RAID1 and must be 4 GB (Requires ACP & array group)
- * All other steps are the same (even the ID #)

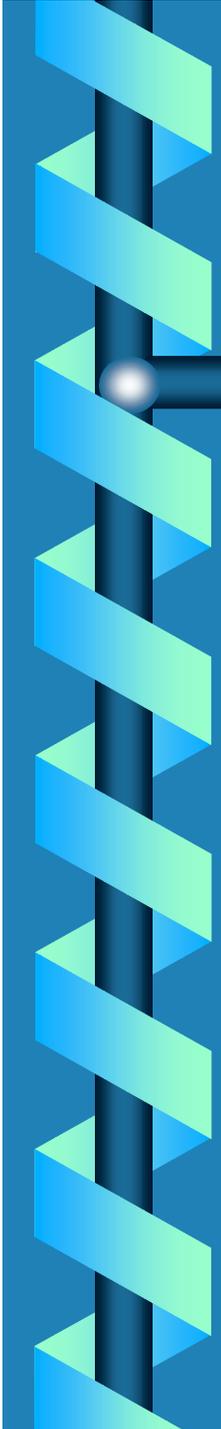
Next steps - above LDEV1

- * Private Volume Sets
- * HPPXUDC set
- * LUNs 0,1,2,3,4,5,6
 - 0 = 40.1.0 (LDEV1, LUN0)
 - 1 = 40.1.1, 2=40.1.2, 3=40.1.3, etc.
 - ad 32 id=hpdarray path=40.1.2
 - VOLUTIIL

LDEVs and XP256

- * Open level is important :
 - Limited number of LDEVs on one controller
 - Example: Open-3 uses 12 LDEVs while for virtually the same space Open-8 uses 4
 - 2.4 GB vs. 7.3 GB
 - Write Queue Depth not an issue on MPE

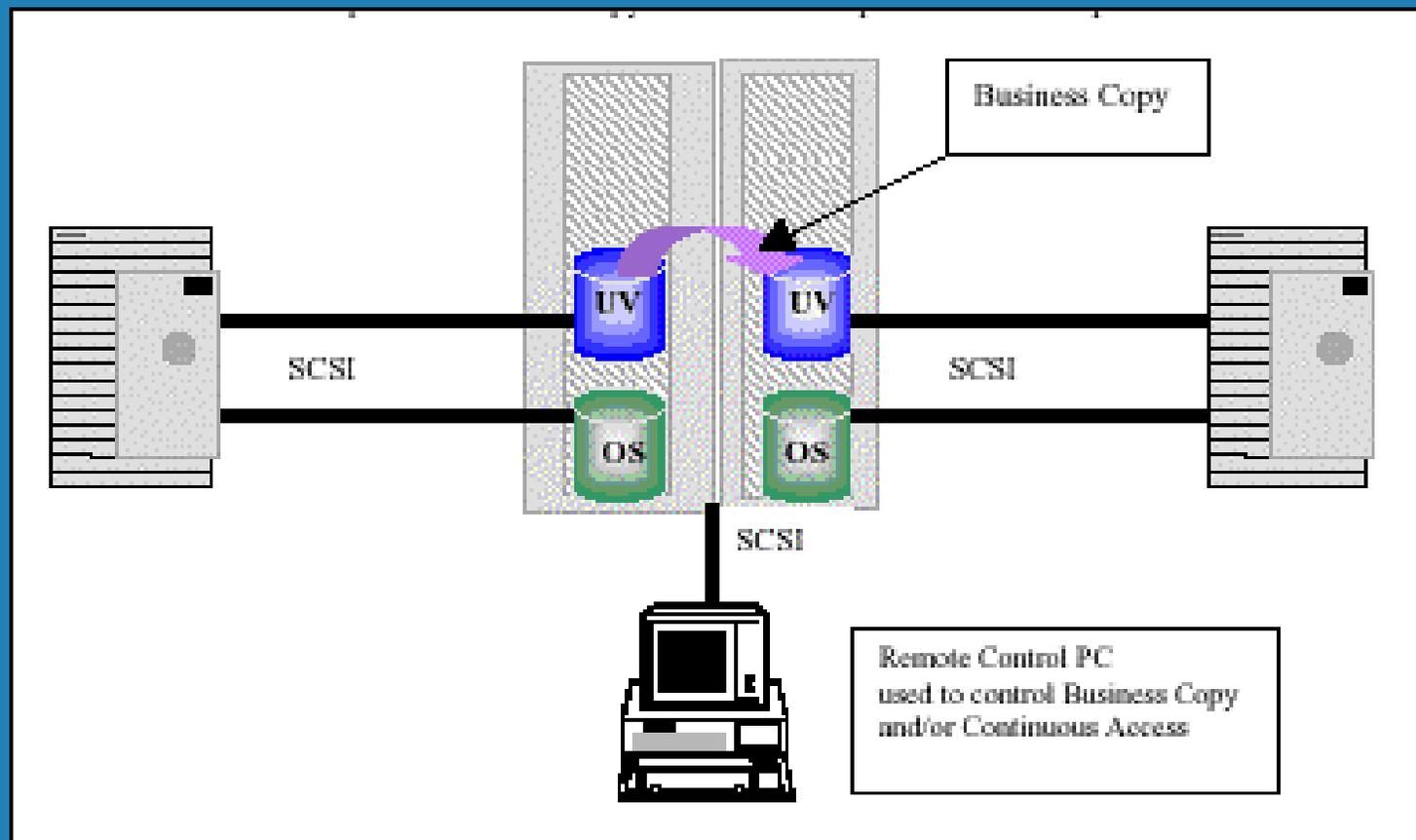
RAID1			RAID5		
OPEN-3	OPEN-8	OPEN-9	OPEN-3	OPEN-8	OPEN-9
28/12	27/4	28/4	41/18	41/6	41/6
Usable Space in GB / LDEVs					



LDEVs and XP256

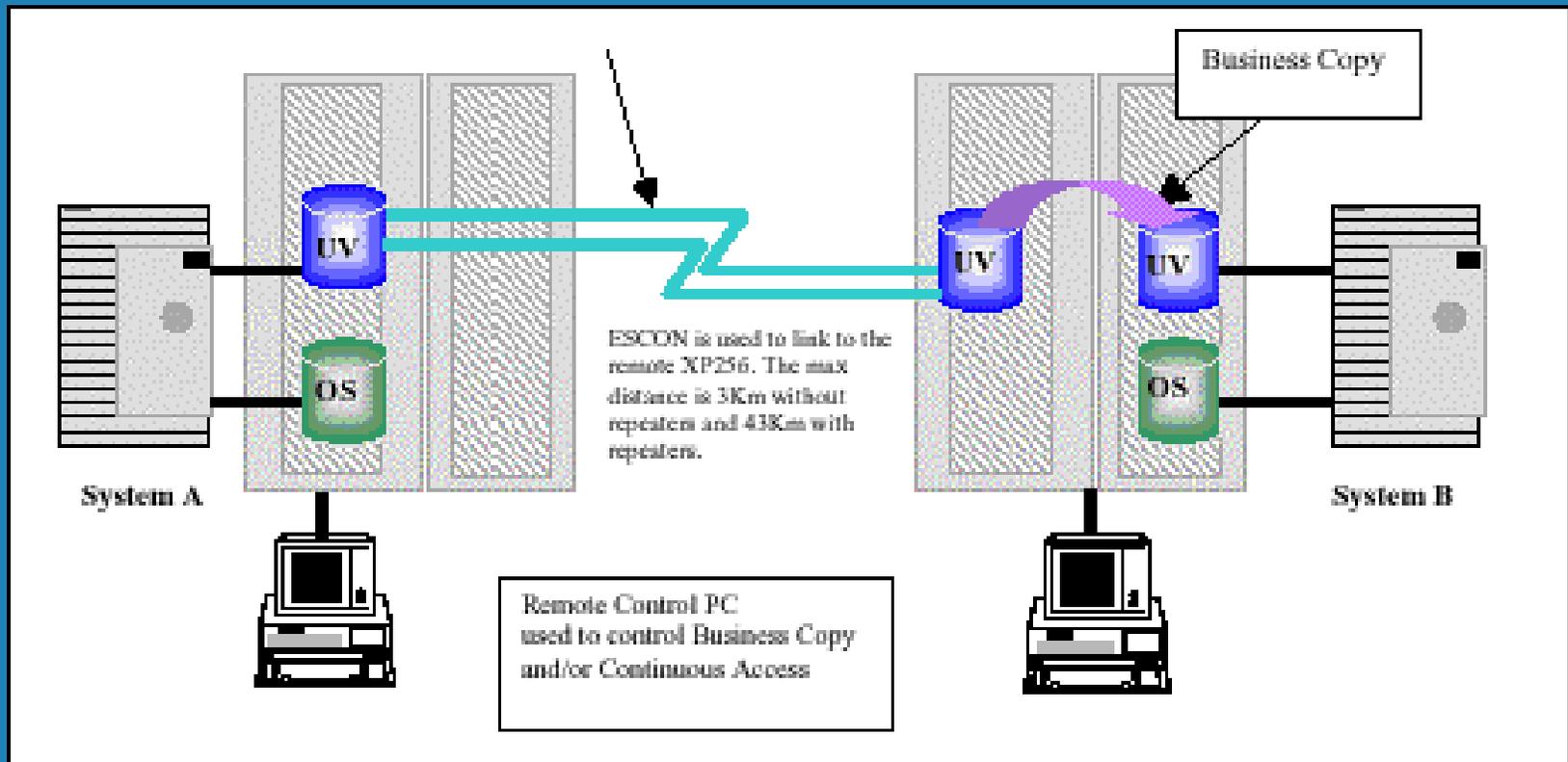
- * Use OPEN 3 / RAID 1 for LDEV1
- * Use OPEN 3 / RAID 1 for any other system_volume_set_members
- * Use OPEN 3/ RAID 1 for Master Volumes of User Volumes
- * Use OPEN 9 / RAID 5 for User Volumes
- * SCSI Host Mode: 08

XP256, Business Copy & MPE



Drawing from Walter
McCullough's White Paper

XP256, Continuous Access & MPE



Drawing from Walter McCullough's White Paper

BC or CA? Get this paper

- * White Paper by Walter McCullough (HP)
- * December 1999

***SureStore E Disk Array XP256
Business Copy XP and/or
Continuous Access XP
in an HP 3000 Environment***

This paper describes the usage and procedures used to successfully implement Business Copy and/or Continuous Access in an HP 3000 environment.

White Paper by
Walter McCullough